## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



72,91

## PRIMROSE FARM Y POULSBO, EWASH. V ED

1932 ADDITIONS

PRIMILI

Auricula Caerulea—A delightful new selection of blue and mauve varieties	.35
Beesiana—A candelabra with glowing velvety purple flowers. Very free flowering	50
Briscoei—A candelabra cross between Bulleyana and Japonica with paler leaves than Japonica. Purple flowered	
<b>Burmanica</b> —A candelabra of a rich red purple with a yellow eye. The whorls are very numerous and closer together than in most primulas of this type. Will flourish in more sun than others of the species	.50
Cashmeriana Alba—The white form of Cashmeriana. Very fine	
Chionantha—Large loose flower heads on 12 in. stems. White and very fragrant. A magnificent plant and quite easily grown	.50
Chungensis—A candelabra carrying several whorls of bright orange-yellow flowers flushed with red	.50
flowers of a fiery orange of great richness. This is a biennial and with good drainage will flower for two years	.50
Denticulata Grandiflora—Almost the same as Cashmeriana but with larger flowers	.50
Hybrida Asthore—A beautiful hybrid with coppery-rose flowers	.50
Ipswich Hybrids—A marvelous hybrid strain containing many shades of orange, scarlet, mauve, etc.	.35
Juliae—Low growing with deep carmine flowers and a golden eye	.35
Littoniana—When young like a tritoma and ends with flowers of a deep violet	.50
Luteola—Dense umbel of large soft yellow blossom on 8 in. stem. Blooms July, August	.50
Mooreana—Deep lilac-blue flowers. Easy to grow. Aug. September	.50
Polyantha (Prize Strain)—Without question the best polyanthus there is. Very large blossoms in all possible combinations of delicate shades	.35
Veitchii—Leaves green on upper side and white below. Flowers are a pure magenta, often borne in tiers like the candelabra. Should be grown in mass	.50
CARE OF PRIMROSES	

Primroses prefer part shade and are extremely easy to grow if they are only given the right kind of soil, which should be a deep loam in which plenty of peat moss together with well rotted cow manure or commercial fertilizer has been thoroughly incorporated. The best times to plant are either very early in the spring just as soon as the frost is out of the ground or in the Autumn long enough before the ground freezes for the plant to become well established.

## **ALPINES**

Aster Acris—An early flowering plant which is covered	
with a profusion of starry flowers. Lilac purple. Height	
1½ ft. August	.30
Aster Pleiades-Miniature Michaelmas Daisy with lavender	
flowers on 8 in. stems. Aug. Sept.	.30

summer. 15 ins.	.30
Calceolaria Polyrrhiza—Dwarf species of spreading habit.  Dark yellow purple spotted flowers on 4 in. stems	
Chrysanthemum Coreanum—Large single white flowers in October. Absolutely hardy	30
Corydalis Cheilanthifolia—Beautiful fern-like foliage with spikes of yellow flowers. May to July. Does well in shade	
Draba Aeizoides—Forms beautiful little rosettes covered with bright yellow flowers on 2 in. stems. Early spring	
Genista Sagittalis—Dwarf species with stems curiously winged. Bright yellow flowers. Does well in poor soil. May to July	
Gentiana Sino-Ornata—Semi-prostate with immense bright blue flowers. Lime hater. 6 ins. Aug. to Nov	
Gentiana Purpurea—Small dark green shining leaves with flowers of a rich Vandyck brown with a delicate frag-	
rance. Grow in pure peat in part shade	
Inula Ensifolia—Large yellow daisy-like flowers on compact bushes. 1 ft. high. Will grow in poor soil	
Incarvillea Brevipes—Large gloxiania-like flowers. Deep carmine and pink. 8 ins. Must be kept dry during winter	
Mentha Requieni—One of the very best carpeters for a damp place. Shiny green leaves studded with tiny purple flowers. Deliciously fragrant. 1 in	.25
Myosotis Rupicola—Large deep blue flowers almost completely hiding the dark green foliage. Compact. Choice and very rare	.50
Myosotis Perennial Blue—Little columns of color. 7 ins. high. The flowers almost completely hide the foliage	.25
Myosotis Perennial Pink—Similar to above but pink	-25
Nepeta Nervosa—More attractive than Nepeta. Mussini with flowers of a clear light blue. Blooms from midsummer to early Autumn	.35
Penstemon Rupicola—Dwarf native evergreen with greyish foliage and bright red flowers on 3 to 4 in. stems. Good for dry rocky places	.35
Penstemon Menziesii—Native evergreen creeper with very small leaves and 4 in. spikes of blue flowers. June and July	
Polemonium Coeruleum—Free bloomer with lovely blue flowers. 18 to 24 ins.	.25
Polemonium Pulcherrimum—Practically a dwarf form of the above	.25
Polygonum Vaccinifolium—Choice creeper with dainty spikes of pink flowers in Fall	.35
Sagina Procumbens—Mossy green cushions studded with tiny white flowers. Good carpeter	.25
Thymus Azoricus—Very attractive. Evergreen foliage with lilac-colored flowers	.25
Thymus Nummularius—Sweet scented with rosy flowers when the other thymes are through blooming	.25
Viola Calcarata—In varying shades of lavender and white. Very strong grower	.30
Viola Rosina—Hardy violet with pink flowers. Extremely fragrant. Blooms in Spring and again in Autumn from Aug. until very cold weather	.35
Viola Lily Langtry—Seedling of Jersey Jewel with same color but more intense purple. Larger and better in	
every way and extremely fragrant	
others at varying prices up to \$2.50 for a large one. The should be planted in shade of deciduous shrubbery in derich soil.	ley